

KONTEKST:

Potrebno utvrditi bezbednosnu situaciju u Mogadišu, Somalija, u cilju analize i donošenja odluke u konkretnom slučaju, a povodom zahteva za azil lica poreklom iz Somalije sa prebivalistem u Mogadisu, prema izjavi iznetoj na zahtevu za azil i usmenoj raspravi;

PITANJE: Bezbednosna situacija u Mogadišu, Somalija

ODGOVOR:

Snage Prelazne Savezne Vlade Somalije (TFG) i snage misije Afričke Unije u Somaliji (AMISOM) otpočele su u februaru 2011. godine vojnu ofanzivu protiv Al Šababa u Mogadišu, koji je do tada držao Mogadiš pod svojom kontrolom.^{1 2} Nakon toga, početkom avgusta 2011. godine usledilo je povlačenje Al Šababa iz većeg dela Mogadiša.^{3 4 5 6} To je omogućilo njegovo stavljanje pod kontrolu TFG snaga.^{7 8 9 10}

Medutim, uprkos povlačenju Al Šababa iz Mogadiša, sukobi TFG, AMISOM i savezničkih snaga protiv Al Šababa nastavljeni su na periferiji grada.^{11 12}

Od povlačenja Al Šababa iz Mogadiša u avgustu 2011. godine, broj civilnih žrtava od oružanih sukoba je smanjen i bezbednosna situacija u odnosu na civilne žrtve je u Mogadišu je nešto bolja.¹³ Ipak, u Mogadišu Al Šabab ne prestaje sa terorističkim napadajima na grad, usled čega su civilne žrtve i dalje veoma česte.^{14 15}

¹ Amnesty International: Annual Report 2012, The state of the world's human rights/Background - <http://www.amnesty.org/en/region/somalia/report-2012>

² UK Border Agency: Somalia, Bulletin: Security situation in southern and central Somalia, 17 August 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1226_1345551106_report-17-08.pdf, str 8

³ Human Rights Watch: World Report 2012, Somalia, 22 January 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/local_link/20822/314384_en.html

⁴ UN General Assembly: Report of the Independent expert on the situation of human rights in Somalia/ Key developments, Shamsul Bari, 22 August 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1930_1346843894_a-hrc-21-61-en.pdf, pristupljeno 27. septembra 2012.

⁵ US Department of State: Country Report on Human Rights Practices for 2011 – Somalia/Executive summary, 24 May 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/local_link/217680/324310_en.html

⁶ UK Border Agency: Somalia, Bulletin: Security situation in southern and central Somalia, 17 August 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1226_1345551106_report-17-08.pdf, str 8

⁷ UN General Assembly: Report of the Independent expert on the situation of human rights in Somalia/Security situation, Shamsul Bari, 22 August 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1930_1346843894_a-hrc-21-61-en.pdf, pristupljeno 27. septembra 2012.

⁸ Amnesty International: Annual Report 2012, The state of the world's human rights/Background - <http://www.amnesty.org/en/region/somalia/report-2012>

⁹ Human Rights Watch: World Report 2012, Somalia, 22 January 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/local_link/20822/314384_en.html

¹⁰ UK Border Agency: Somalia, Bulletin: Security situation in southern and central Somalia, 17 August 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1226_1345551106_report-17-08.pdf, str 8

¹¹ UN General Assembly: Report of the Independent expert on the situation of human rights in Somalia/Security situation, Shamsul Bari, 22 August 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1930_1346843894_a-hrc-21-61-en.pdf, pristupljeno 27. septembra 2012.

¹² Amnesty International: Annual Report 2012, The state of the world's human rights/Background - <http://www.amnesty.org/en/region/somalia/report-2012>

¹³ Home Office: Operational Guidance Note, Somalija - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1226_1352903968_somaliaogn.pdf, str 23

¹⁴ UN Security Council: Report of the Secretary-General on Somalia/A. Security situation, 1 May 2012- http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1930_1337177068_n1231974.pdf

¹⁵ US Department of State: Country Report on Human Rights Practices for 2011 – Somalia/Executive summary, 24 May 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/local_link/217680/324310_en.html

godine, u kom je ubijeno 10 ljudi, uključujući i nekoliko funkcionera Prelazne Savezne somalijske vlade.³¹³²

Takodje, i razmena artiljerijske vatre izmedju AMISOM snaga i Al Šababa na Bakara pijaci u Mogadišu rezultira smrću civila.³³³⁴

Napadi bomša samoubica su relativno česti u Mogadišu. Neke samoubilačke napade izvodi Al-Šabab, druge pak različite oružane grupe, uključujući i privatne milicije i krinimalne bande.³⁵

Dva bombaša samoubica aktivirala su bombe na ulazu u restoran u naselju Hodan u Mogadišu 3. novembra 2012. godine, usmrтивши tom prilikom najmanje jednu osobu.³⁶³⁷ U septembru 2012. godine bombaši samoubice izvršile su napad na još jedan restoran koji pripada istom vlasniku, i tom prilikom su usmrtili više od 14 ljudi.³⁸³⁹

U Mogadišu se dešavaju i ciljani napadi na civile. Poznati somalijski biznismen Ahmed Nure Avdini (Ahmed Nure Awdiini) ubijen je 26. novembra 2012. godine u Mogadidišu, ispred svoje kancelarije, kada je nepoznati napadač pucao na njega.⁴⁰

U većem delu Mogadiša generalno postoji sloboda kretanja. Jedino u četiri distrikta u kojima Al Šabab ima kontrolu (Deynile, Yaqshid, Huriwa i Karan diskrikti), naročito noću može biti problema sa kretanjem, zbog pristunosti Al Šababovih boraca na ulicama.⁴¹ Ipak, na celoj teritoriji Mogadiša postoje kontrolni punktovi pod kontrolom različitih milicija i snaga Prelazne Savezne Vlade Somalije (TFG). Kontrolni punktovi uglavnom služe za iznudu novca onih koji putuju ili prolaze kroz njih.⁴²

KOMENTAR/ZAKLJUČAK:

³¹ UN Security Council: Report of the Secretary-General on Somalia/A. Security situation, 1 May 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1930_1337177068_n1231974.pdf

³² UK Border Agency: Somalia, Bulletin: Security situation in southern and central Somalia, 17 August 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/file_upload/1226_1345551106_report-17-08.pdf, str 13

³³ US Department of State: Country Report on Human Rights Practices for 2011 – Somalia/Use of Excessive Force and Other Abuses in Internal Conflicts/Killings, 24 May 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/local_link/217680/324310_en.html

³⁴ Human Rights Watch: World Report 2012, Somalia/Violations of the Laws of War, 22 January 2012 - http://www.ecoi.net/local_link/20822/314384_en.html

³⁵ BBC News Africa: Somalia: Mogadishu suicide bombers attack restaurant - <http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-20191673> pristupljeno 25. decembra 2012. godine.

³⁶ BBC News Africa: Somalia: Mogadishu suicide bombers attack restaurant - <http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-20191673> pristupljeno 25. decembra 2012. godine.

³⁷ ReliefWeb: Two suicide bombers attack restaurant in Somali capital, 3 november 2012 - <http://reliefweb.int/report/somalia/two-suicide-bombers-attack-restaurant-somali-capital> pristupljeno 25. decembra 2012. godine.

³⁸ BBC News Africa: Somalia: Mogadishu suicide bombers attack restaurant - <http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-20191673> pristupljeno 25. decembra 2012. godine.

³⁹ ReliefWeb: Two suicide bombers attack restaurant in Somali capital, 3 november 2012 - <http://reliefweb.int/report/somalia/two-suicide-bombers-attack-restaurant-somali-capital>, pristupljeno 25. decembra 2012. godine.

⁴⁰ BBC News Africa: Somali Mogadishu businessman Ahmed Nure Awdiini Killed, 26 November 2012 - <http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-africa-20500265>, pristupljeno 25. decembra 2012. godine.

⁴¹ Danish Immigration Service: Security and human rights issues in South-Central Somalia, including Mogadishu; Report from Danish Immigration Service's fact finding mission to Nairobi, Kenya and Mogadishu, Somalia, 30 January to 19 February 2012 - http://www.nyidammark.dk/NR/rdonlyres/90821397-6911-4CEF-A8D0-6B8647021EF2/0/Security_human_rights_issues_South_CentralSomalia_including_Mogadishu.pdf, str 65

⁴² Danish Immigration Service: Security and human rights issues in South-Central Somalia, including Mogadishu; Report from Danish Immigration Service's fact finding mission to Nairobi, Kenya and Mogadishu, Somalia, 30 January to 19 February 2012 - http://www.nyidammark.dk/NR/rdonlyres/90821397-6911-4CEF-A8D0-6B8647021EF2/0/Security_human_rights_issues_South_CentralSomalia_including_Mogadishu.pdf, str 65,66

Iako je povlačenje snaga Al Šabab iz Mogadiša u avgustu 2011. godine donelo smanjene broja civilnih žrtava, bezbednosna situacija u Mogadišu i dalje je veoma loša i opasna, naročito po civile. Oružane borbe, eksplozije improvizovanih naprava i napadi bombaša samoubica su i dalje česti u Mogadišu. Sloboda kretanja kroz Mogadiš je poboljšana, ali nepotpuna usled postojanja kontrolnih punktova.